

Parts of speech can be defined as words that perform different roles in a sentence. Some parts of speech can perform the functions of other parts of speech too.

Different Parts of Speech with Examples:

Parts of speech include nouns, pronouns, verbs, adverbs, adjectives, prepositions, conjunctions and interjections. Following are the definitions with examples.

1. **Nouns** are words that are used to name people, places, animals, ideas and things. Nouns can be classified into two main categories: Common nouns and Proper nouns. Common nouns are general like ball, car, stick, etc., and proper nouns are more specific like Charles, The White House, The Sun, etc.

Examples of nouns used in sentences:

1. She bought a **pair of shoes**. (thing)
2. I have a **pet**. (animal)
3. Is this your **book**? (object)
4. Many people have a **fear of darkness**. (ideas/abstract nouns)
5. He is my **brother**. (person)
6. This is my **school**. (place)

2. **Pronouns** are words that are used to substitute a noun in a sentence. There are different types of pronouns. I, he, she, it, them, his, yours, anyone, nobody, who, etc., are some of the pronouns.

Examples of pronouns used in sentences:

1. **I** reached home at six in the evening.
2. **She** is my best friend.
3. **They** are present in the music class.
4. **He** is watching movie.

3. **Verbs** are words that denote an action that is being performed by the noun or the subject in a sentence. They are also called action words. Some examples of verbs are read, sit, run, pick, garnish, come, pitch, etc.

Examples of verbs used in sentences:

1. She **plays** cricket every day
2. Dina and Alok **are going** to the movies.
3. My friends **visited** me last week.
4. **Did** you **have** your breakfast?
5. My name **is** Moyna.

4. **Adverbs** are words that are used to provide more information about verbs, adjectives and other adverbs used in a sentence. There are five types of adverbs. They are- adverbs of manner, adverbs of degree, adverbs of frequency, adverbs of time and adverbs of place. Some examples of adverbs are today, quickly, randomly, early, 10 a.m. etc.

Examples of adverbs used in sentences:

1. Did you come **here** to buy an umbrella? (Adverb of place)
2. I did not go to school **yesterday** as I was sick. (Adverb of time)
3. She reads the newspaper **every day**. (Adverb of frequency)
4. Can you please come **quickly**? (Adverb of manner)
5. Tony was so sleepy that he could **hardly** keep his eyes open during the meeting. (Adverb of degree)

5. **Adjectives** are words that are used to describe or provide more information about the noun or the subject in a sentence. Some examples of adjectives include good, ugly, quick, beautiful, late, etc.

Examples of adjectives used in sentences:

1. Did you see how **big** that dog was?
2. The weather is **pleasant** today.
3. The **red** dress you wore on your birthday was lovely.
4. My brother had only **one** bread for breakfast.

6. **Prepositions** are words that are used to link one part of the sentence to another. Prepositions show the position of the object or subject in a sentence. Some examples of prepositions are in, out, besides, in front of, below, opposite, etc.

Examples of prepositions used in sentences:

1. The teacher asked the students to draw lines **on** the paper.
2. The child hid his birthday presents **under** his bed.
3. Mom asked me to go to the store **near** my school.
4. The thieves jumped **over** the wall and escaped.

7. **Conjunctions** are a part of speech that is used to connect two different parts of a sentence. Some examples of conjunctions are and, or, for, yet, although, because, not only, etc.

Examples of conjunctions used in sentences:

1. Meera **and** Jasmine had come to my birthday party.
2. Jane did not go to work **as** she was sick.
3. **Unless** you work hard, you cannot score good marks.
4. The phone was ringing **but** there was no one to answer it.

8. **Interjections** are words that are used to convey strong emotions or feelings. Some examples of interjections are oh, wow, alas, yippee, etc. It is always followed by an exclamation mark.

Examples of interjections used in sentences:

1. **Wow!** What a wonderful work of art.
2. **Alas!** That is really sad.
3. **Yippee!** We won the match.